Tourism and multiple stressors in **Antarctica**

Dr Tom Hart Department of Biology





UNIVERSITY OF OXFORD



WHAT IS THE OBSERVED AND POTENTIAL IMPACT OF TOURISM ON ANTARCTIC PENGUINS?

An Evidence-Based Executive Summary











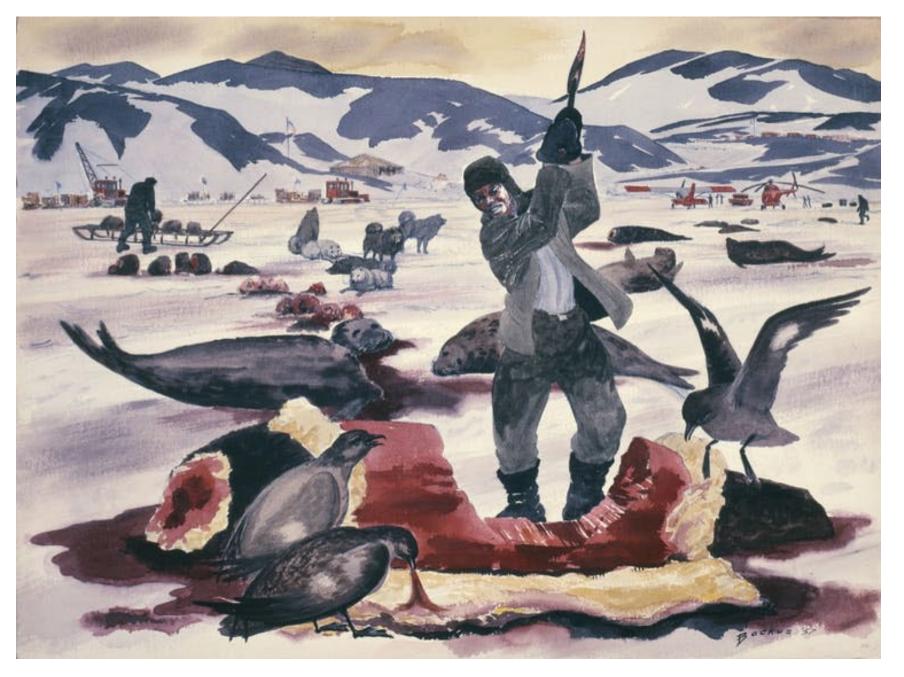
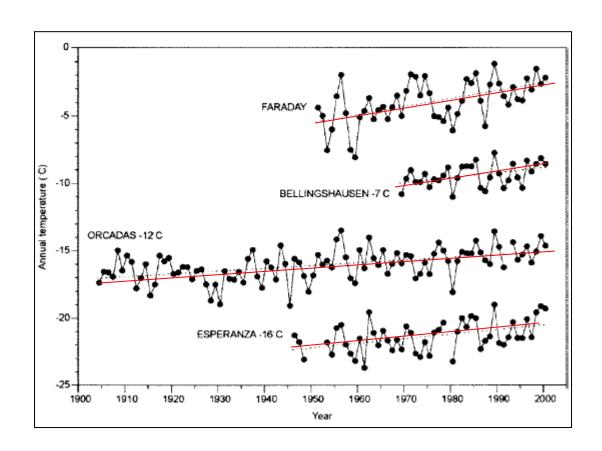


Image: The Antarctic Butcher', a painting by Standish Backus (1956); from the U.S. Naval Art Collection via The Conversation.

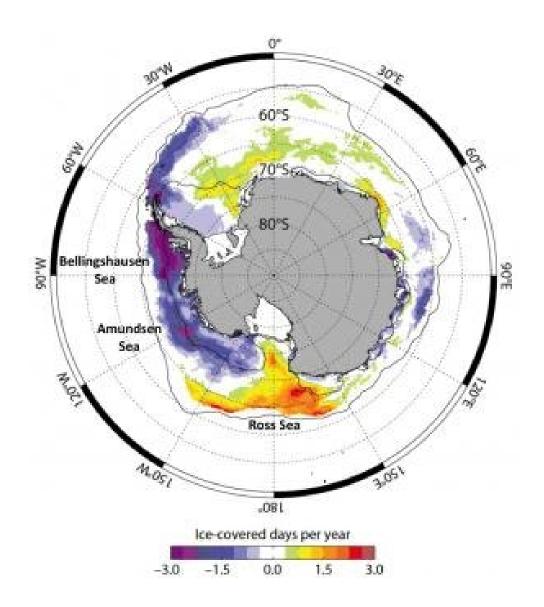
Warming trend over the past century (+2.6°C)







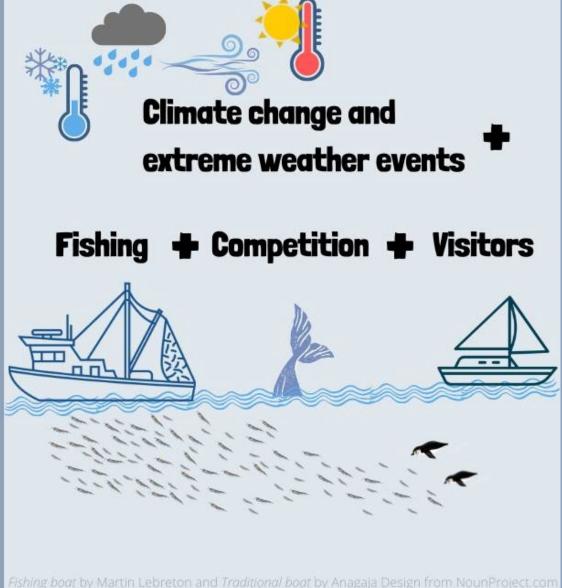
Sea ice trends over the last 40 years



Understanding the problem

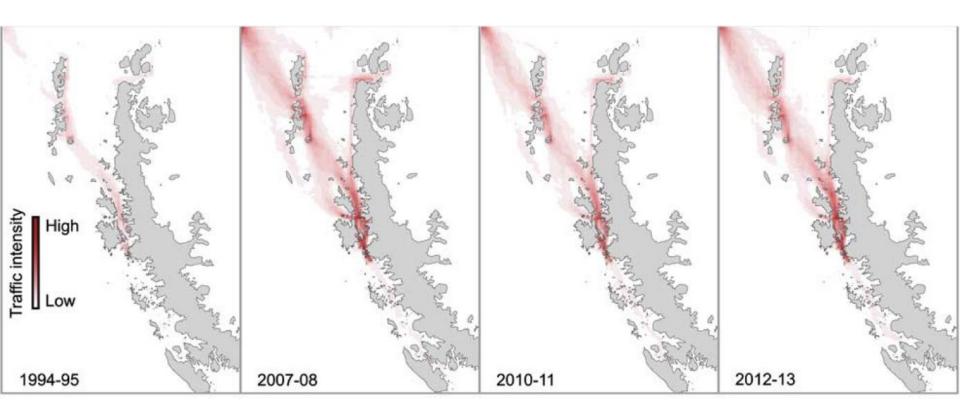


Population changes





Untangling confounding threats







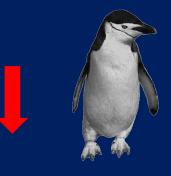
Gentoo penguin

- Northerly breeding
- Avoids sea-ice



King Penguin

- Northerly breeding
- Avoids sea-ice
- •Deep sea forager, eats squid and fish



Chinstrap penguin

- Intermediate breeding distribution
- Avoids sea-ice





Adélie penguin

- Southerly breeding distribution
- Requires pack-ice for foraging





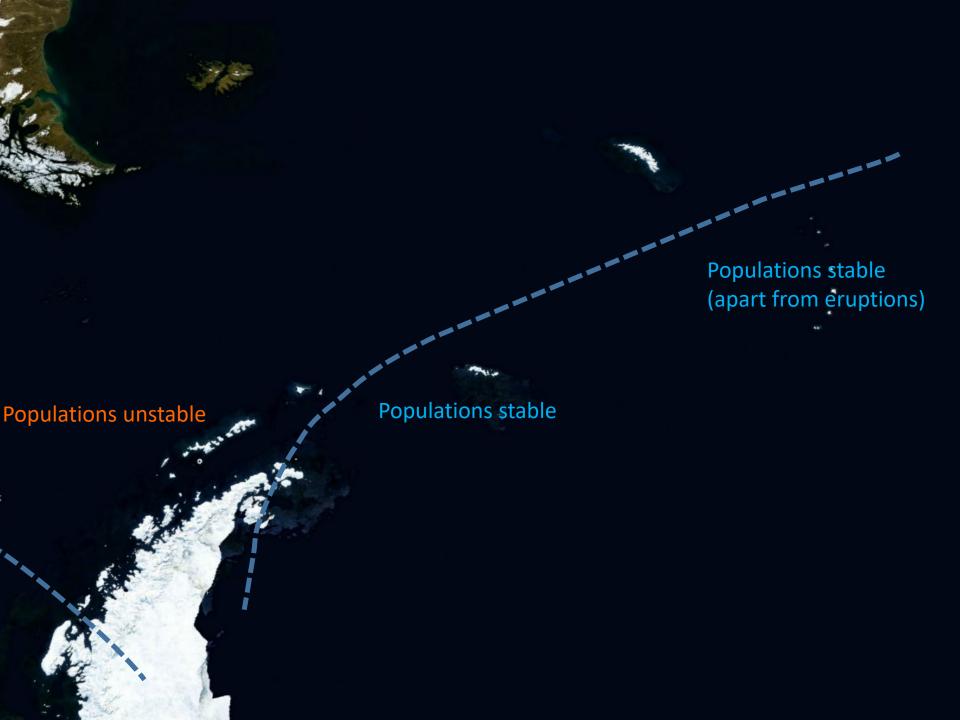
Emperor Penguin

- Southerly breeding
- Requires fast-ice.
- Declining where monitored
- But possible changing distribution.



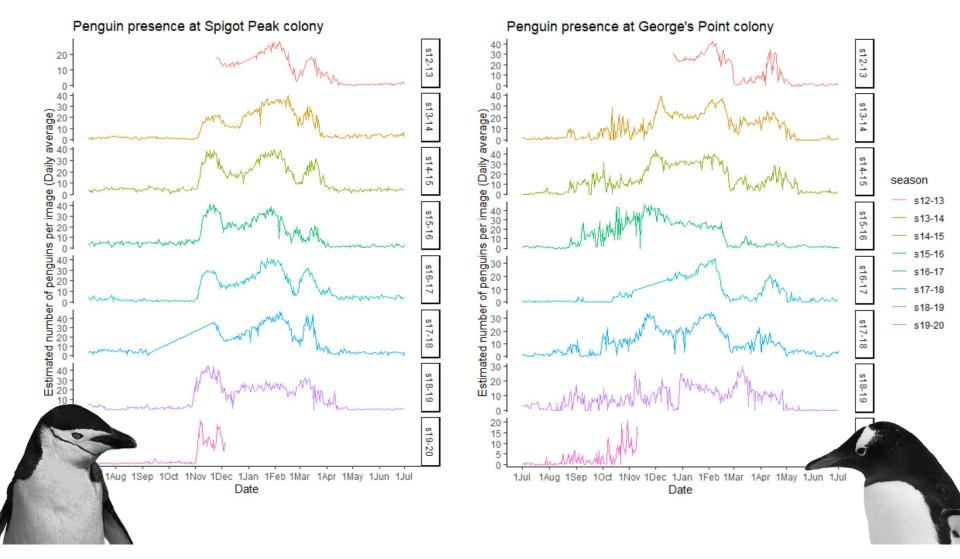
Macaroni Penguin

- Sub-Antarctic
- Avoids sea-ice
- Krill –rich waters





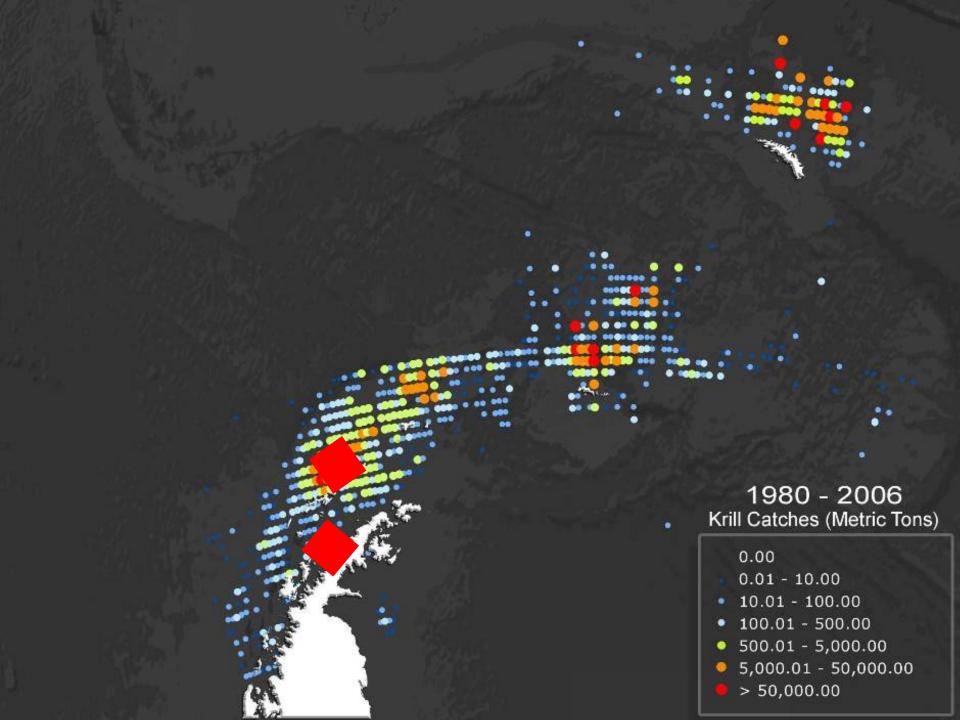
Unpublished evidence that penguins are breeding earlier



Summary of current evidence

- There are multiple anthropogenic threats
- No significant adverse effects of tourism on local penguin populations at current levels and with current activities
- "Tourism" does not include national programme visits
- We don't know much about disturbance of other species, like seals and whales, or on penguins while in the water.
- Studies examining the impact of site visitations on the Southern Ocean penguin populations have drawn inconsistent conclusions. Details likely matter.
- Other stressors such as climate change and the fishing industry should receive greater attention.
- Future change may be driven by sea ice regardless of other stressors







Thanks to:





















































